# (National Education Policy – 2020) Curriculum Structure and Syllabus for Under Graduate Program in SERICULTURE

## (Eight Semester course)

(With effect from the session 2023–2024)



University of Kalyani,

Kalyani, W.B.

India

Prof. (Dr.) Kausik Mondal

Chairman,

UGBOS, Department of Sericulture University of Kalyani, Kalyani, W.B. India

#### Preamble

Sericulture, an applied science dealing with rational management of activities to produce of silk, an exquisite natural fibre. It covers all operations required to rear silkworm and extraction of silk having both on farm and off farm acivities.

Indian silkworm breeds are basically multivoltine. Huge progress has been achieved in the productivity of mulberry and silkworm breeds over the years. Adoption of HY mulberry and silkworm hybrids along with technology innovation has made tremendous improvement in production has made sericulture a lucrative avocation. With theses success more people are adopted sericulture as oppertunity for additional income. More and more areas are coming under mulberry with active support from the Government. Though, India is the second largest producer of silk, however, its contribution to the world raw silk production is only 15%. Still there is abundant oppertunity to extend further due to strong international demand and huge domestic comsumption.

The main objective of framing this new syllabus is to give the students a thorough understanding of the subject giving adequate weightages to both the core content and techniques used in Sericulture. Keeping in mind and in tune with the changing nature of the subject, adequate emphasis has been given on new techniques and understanding of the subject. The syllabus has also been framed in such a way that the basic skills of subject are taught to the students, thus make them employable. Further there are scope for self employment and entreprenourship development.

The entire under graduate course in Sericulture of this University is designed to impart knowledge about subject in a phased manner. The course offers Core, Ability Enhancement Compulsory, Discipline Specific (Major), and Discipline Specific (Minor) papers including practical for Core and Discipline Specific papers for students of the disciplines.

With the advancement of knowledge in this branch of science, augmented with phenomenal discoveries directly associated with human welfare, the subject is gaining tremendous attraction from the society and wide range of students.

The curriculum is a holistic approach to establish a better teaching-learning platform in Sericulture for the students, the teachers, and to generate tarined manpower to feed the seri industry and towrds entrepreneurship development

#### **Programme Objectives:**

The Undergraduate programme in Sericulture aims to equip students with recent advances in Sericulture techniques and industries. It also aims to empower students to understand the challenges of society and the country that falls into the realms of Sericulture, such as mulberry cultivation, silkworm rearing, silk reeling, weaving and marketing.

Keeping with the spirit of NEP, different courses are offered to the students, like Major (theory and practical), Minor, Multidisciplinary Courses, Value Added Courses and Ability Enhancement Compulsory courses. The undergraduate course is designed to ignite inquisitive minds about learning the basics as well as the advances in Sericulture and is open for admission to students who have studied Biological science, along with Physic, Chemistry and allied subjects in their class 10+2 stage.

#### **Programme Specific Outcomes:**

Student after successfully completing semesters of Undergraduate programme would sufficiently be skilled and empowered to solve the problems in the realms of Sericulture and its allied areas. They would have a plethora of job opportunities in the Sericulture sectors and entrepreneurship. The bright and ignited mind may also enter into research in the contemporary areas of Sericulture. The broad skills and deeper knowledge in the field would make them highly successful and excellent researchers in advanced areas of research in Sericulture.

## COURSE STRUCTURE SERICULTURE (NEP-2020)

Department of Sericulture, University of Kalyani With Effective from 2023-2024 Session

		SEME	STER ]	[			
Course	Course title	Nature of	Credit	Class	Eval	Total	
Code		Course	of Course	hour/week	In- Semeste r	Semester End	
SER-MJ- T-101	Introductory sericulture: Taxonomy, distribution and biology of Mulberry	Major	4	4	15	40	55
SER-MJ- P-101	Introductory sericulture: Taxonomy, distribution and biology of Mulberry	Major	2	2		20	20
SER-MI- T-101	Zoology Or Botany	Minor	4	4	10	40	50
SER- MU- T-101		Multidiscipliy Course	3	3	10	35	45
SER- SEC- T-101	Vermicomposting & it's Application	Skill Enhancement Course	3	3	10	35	45
SER- VA-T- 101	Environmental Education	Value Added Course	4	4	10	40	50
05			20	20	55	210	265
		Nature of	STER I	Class	Eval	uation	Total
Course Code	Course title	Course	of Course	hour/week	In- Semeste r	Semester End	
SER-MJ- T-201	Taxonomy, distribution and biology of the silkworm, Non-mulberry (Vanya) silk	Major	4	4	15	40	55
SER-MJ- P-201	Biology of silkworm	Major	2	2		20	20
SER-MI- T-201	Zoology/ Botany	Minor	4	4	10	40	50
SER- MU- T-101		Multidisciplinary Course	3	3	10	35	45

AECC- 201	Communicative English	Ability Enhancement Course	4	4	10	40	50
SER- SEC- T-201	Establishment of kisan Nursery	Skill Enhancement Course	3	3	10	35	45
SER-SI- -201	Summer Internship (Additional for Certificate/Diploma)	Summer Internship	4	4			
05			20	20	55	210	265

#### Abbreviations used in the syllabus:

SER-MJ- T	_	Sericulture Major Course Theory
SER-MJ- P	_	Sericulture Major Course Laboratory
SER-MI-T	_	Sericulture Minor Course Theory
SER-MU-T	_	Sericulture Multidisciplinary Course Theory
SER-SEC-T	-	Sericulture Skill Enhancement Course Course Theory
SER-VA-T	-	Sericulture Value Added Course Course Theory
AECC	-	Ability Enhancement Course
SER-SI	-	Summer Internship (Additional for Certificate/Diploma)

#### **Examination Pattern**

Course	In-Semester	Semester End	<b>Total Points</b>
Theory (Major)	15 Attendance (5) Internal Assessment (10)	40	55
Practical (Major)		20 Practical + Viva Voce (15 + 5)	20
Theory (Minor)	As per Minor Paper of Zoology/ Botany	As per Minor Paper of Zoology/ Botany	
Theory (Multidisciplinary Course)	As per University Rules	As per University Rules	
Theory (Skill Enhancement Course)	10 Attendance (5) Internal Assessment (5)	35	45
Theory (Value Added Course)	As per University Rules	As per University Rules	
Theory (Ability Enhancement Course)	As per University Rules	As per University Rules	
Summer Internship (Additional for Certificate/Diploma)		50	50

\*Attendance: 90-100%=5, 80-89%=4;70-79%=3;60-69%=2; Less than 60%=

In-Semester	Semester End Examination
	For 35 Points:
	$2^{1/2}$ ptx4 (out of 6)=10
	5 ptx3 (out of 5)=15
For written test only	10 ptx1 (out of 2)=10
For 10 points:	For 40 Points:
$2Pt. \times 5(out of 6)$	$2^{1/2}$ ptx2 (outof 3)=5
	3 ptx3 (out of4)=9
	5 ptx2 (out of3)=10
	8 ptx2 (out of3)=16

## **Question Pattern**

SER-MJ- T-101 : Introductory sericulture: Taxonomy, distribution and biology of Mulberry	Credit of Course	Class hour/we ek	Points
NIT – I Introductory Sericulture:	4	4	55
1. Sericulture: Origin, history and spread.			
2. Types of silks.			
3. Life cycle of silkworm.			
4. Silk route and sericultural map of India and the World.			
Production statistics.			
5. Progress of seri industry through different plan periods.			
6. Silk and its trade.			
7. Employment generation potential: women empowerment and			
tool for rural development through sericulture			
8. Development of entrepreneurship			
NIT- II Characteristics of the Sericulture industry:			
1. Land and agro-based industry			
2. Textile fibres: Natural and Synthetic fibres: Advantage of silk			
fibre over other fibres			
3. International and domestic demand of silk			
4. Function of Central Silk Board; Role of State Departments;			
Role of universities and NGOs in sericulture development.			
5. Prospects and problems of sericulture industry in India,			
NIT-III: Taxonomy, Distribution and Biology of Mulberry :			
1. Distribution and Systematics of the genus Morus L.			
2. Salient features of family Moraceae.			
3. Morphology of mulberry plant; Anatomy of leaf and root.			
4. Floral biology: Structure of male and female flowers, catkins.			
5. Evolved and high-yielding cultivars of mulberry.			
6. Overview of propagation techniquies of mulberry.			

## Semester wise Detail Syllabus of Under Graduate in Sericulture Course & Course Credit

SER-MJ- P-101 : Introductory sericulture : Taxonomy, distribution and biology of Mulberry	Credit of Course	Class hour/wee k	Points
1. Sericultural maps:	2	2	20
a) World maps and Silk Road			
b) Sericulture map of India and West Bengal			
2. Preparation of histograms and pie charts on:-			
a) Production of Textile fibers in India			
b) World Silk Production			
c) Pie chart on mulberry and non-mulberry silk production in			
India			
3. Identification of different parts of Mulberry			
4. Study of the section of root, leaf.			
5. Study of types of flower.			
SER-MI- T-101 : Zoology/ Or Botany	Credit of Course	Class hour/week	Points
Take any one of minor paper from Zoology or Botany minor	4	4	50
SER-MU- T-101 : Multidisciplinary Course	Credit of Course	Class hour/week	Points
As per University syllabus of Multidisciplinary Courses	3	3	45
SER-SEC- T-101 : Vermicomposting & it's Application	Credit of Course	Class hour/week	Points
J <b>nit -I: Introduction to vermiculture</b> 1. Vermiculture - definition, meaning, history, economic importance,	3	3	45
1. Verificature - definition, meaning, instory, economic importance,			
role in maintenance of soil structure, role as four r's of recycling			
role in maintenance of soil structure, role as four r's of recycling			
role in maintenance of soil structure, role as four r's of recycling (reduce, reuse, recycle and restore).			
<ul><li>role in maintenance of soil structure, role as four r's of recycling (reduce, reuse, recycle and restore).</li><li>2. Role in bio transformation of the residues generated by human</li></ul>			
<ul><li>role in maintenance of soil structure, role as four r's of recycling (reduce, reuse, recycle and restore).</li><li>2. Role in bio transformation of the residues generated by human activity and production of organic fertilizers.</li></ul>			
<ul> <li>role in maintenance of soil structure, role as four r's of recycling (reduce, reuse, recycle and restore).</li> <li>2. Role in bio transformation of the residues generated by human activity and production of organic fertilizers.</li> <li>3. Humus cycle (product, qualities). ground population,</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>role in maintenance of soil structure, role as four r's of recycling (reduce, reuse, recycle and restore).</li> <li>2. Role in bio transformation of the residues generated by human activity and production of organic fertilizers.</li> <li>3. Humus cycle (product, qualities). ground population, transformation process in organic matter.</li> </ul>			

Total courses : 05	Total Credit of Course : 20	Class	Tota Mark : 265
	4	4	50
<b>CR- VA-T-101 : Environmental Education</b>	Credit of Course	Class hour/week	Point
and dairy waste.			<b>D</b>
3. Problems in vermicomposting, vermicomposting of sericultura	al		
2. Basic characteristics of earthworms suitable for vermicomposting			
<ul><li><b>hit-V: Applications of vermiculture</b></li><li>1. Benefits of vermicompost.</li></ul>			
activities of auto evaluation.			
frequent problems – prevention and fixation. Complementary			
4. Enemies of earthworms, sickness and worm's enemies;			
Vermiwash collection and use			
3. Earthworm farming, vermicompost harvest and processing.			
and Kadapa slab method).			
2. Commercial vermicomposting- pit, brick and, heap systems,			
1. Small-scale earthworm farming for home gardens			
nit-IV: Vermicomposting			
3. Complementary activities of auto evaluation.			
humidity, temperature, PH, light, and climatic factors).			
reproduceing potential and limiting factors (gases, diet,			
2. Vital cycle of Eudrilus eugeniae: alimentation, fecundity,			
1. Taxonomy reproduction of Eudrilidae.			
nit-III: Biology of <i>Eudrilus eugeniae</i>			
3. Complementary activities of auto evaluation.			
humidity, temperature, PH, light, and climatic factors).			
reproducing potential and limiting factors (gases, diet,			
2. Vital cycle of Eisenia fetida: alimentation, fecundity,			
1. Reproduction of Lumbricidae.			

SER-MJ- T-201 : Taxonomy, distribution and biology of the silkworm, Non-mulberry (Vanya) silk	Credit of Course	Class hour/we ek	Points
<b>Jnit I:</b> Biosystematics (taxonomy) of Silkworm and life-cycle.	4	4	55
1. Distribution of sericigenous insects.			
2. Salient features of orders belonging to sericigenous insects.			
3. Biology (life cycle) of silkworms and growth stages.			
4. Overview of Non-Mulberry (Vanya) silkworms.			
Init II: Races & classification of silkworm, <i>Bombyx mori</i> :			
1. Geographical races ; Classification based on Moultinism and			
Voltinism. Indigenous pure races			
2. Exotic breeds and Evolved breeds and high-yielding cross breeds.			
Unit III: Morphology and Anatomy:			
1. Morphology of the egg, larva, pupa, and adult.			
2. Digestive system ; nervous system ; respiratory system of Larva			
3. Reproductive system of moth.			
4. Silk gland ; structure and function.			
Unit IV: Overview of Non-mulberry (Vanya) silk			
1. Distribution of Non-mulberry (Vanya) silkworms in India.			
2. Primary and secondary food plants of eri, muga and tasar			
silkworms.			
3. Life cycle of eri, muga and tasar silkworms.			
4. Salient features of cocoon characters of eri, muga and tasar.			
ER-MJ-P-201 : Biology of silkworm	Credit of Course	Class hour/week	Points
. Identification of Life Cycle stages of <i>Bombyx mori</i> .	2	2	20
a) Morphology of egg, larva, pupa and adult of silkworm <i>Bombyx mori</i> .			
<ul><li>b) Sexual dimorphiism of larva, pupa and adult of silkworm <i>Bombyx mori</i>:</li></ul>			
. Anatomy of Silkworm			

a) Dissection of Digestive and respiratory nervous system.			
<ul><li>b) Mounting of larval mouth parts and spiracle.</li></ul>			
<ul><li>c) Silk gland dissection and mounting.</li></ul>			
<ul><li>d) ) Reproductive system of male and female moths</li></ul>			
3. Cocoon characters.			
a) Study of the Cocoon characters of multivoltine and bivoltine			
breeds of <i>B.mori</i> .			
b) Study of the Cocoon characters of tasar, eri and muga cocoons.			
	Credit of	Class	Points
SER-MI- T-201 » Zoology/ Botany	Course	hour/week	roints
	4	4	50
SER-MU-T-101 : Multidisciplinary Course	Credit of Course	Class hour/week	Points
As per University syllabus of Multidisciplinary Courses	3	3	45
AECC-201 : Communicative English	Credit of Course	Class hour/week	Points
As per University syllabus of Communicative English	4	4	50
SER-SEC-T-201: : ORGANIC FARMING			
Unit-I: Organic manures	3	3	45
1. Nutrient requirements in organic farming; limiting nutrient losses.			
2. Manures – definition, Bulky Organic Manures (BOM), Concentrated Organic Manures (COM). 3. Organic manures: Farm Yard Manure (FYM), Enrichment of FYM.			
4. Compost, methods of composting (Bangalore, Indore, Coimbatore, NADEP methods).			
Unit-II: Green manures			
1. Green manuring, Classification of green manures (GM).			
2. Nutrient status of various green manures.			
3. Advantages of GM, Desirable characteristics of leguminous GM crops.			

Total Courses : 05		Total Credit of Course : 20	Total Class hour/week : 20	Total Marks : 265
	-201: Summer Internship (Additional for Certificate /Diploma)	4	4	
NPI	rernment interventions to promote organic farming: NPOF, MSHF, NHM, RKVY, KVK and APEDA			
	paration of different types of compost including industrial e, coir waste, press mud.			
2. Prep	paration and application of panchgavya and dashagavya			
	eparation and application of beejamruta, sanjivak and itpan			
Unit-VI: O	organic preparations			
	of bio-fertiliser with special reference to mulberry duction.			
	wth promoting substance excreting microorganisms – hods of application.			
2. Aza	tobacor; nitrogen fixing microbes their use.			
	ash mobilizing and Sulphur mobilizing microorganisms; uscular mycorrhizal fungi.			
Unit -V : B	io-fertilizar.			
	odynamic formulation 501(BD-501); Cow-pat pit (CPP) – aration and application.			
	iodynamic agriculture, biodynamic formulation-500(BD- – method of preparation and application.			
Unit-IV:Bi	odynamic formulations			
3. Rec	lamation of problematic soil using organic manures.			
2. Sali	nity, alkalinity, acidity, types of amendments.			
1. Soil	improvements and soil amendments.			
Unit-III: S	oil amendments			
4. Re residue	ecycling of organic residues, Classification of organic es.			